

## **P4VTC**

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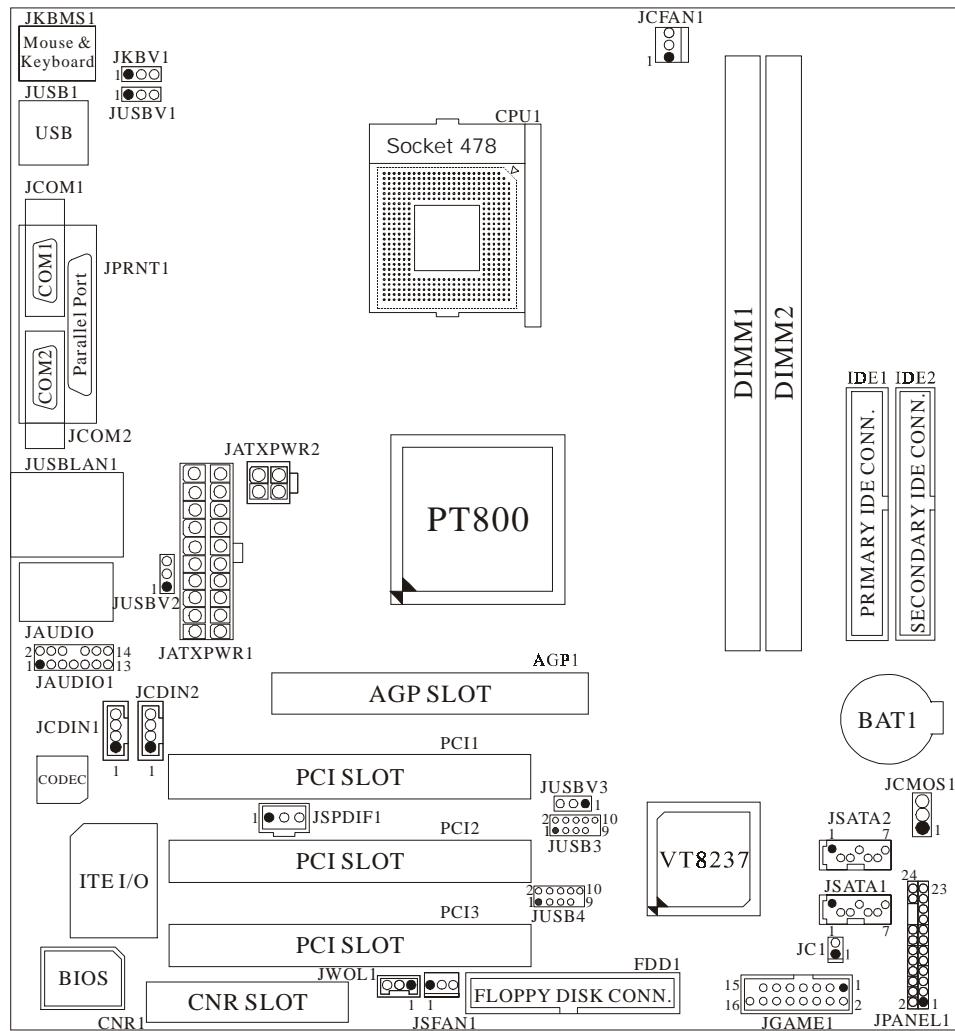
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## **Content**

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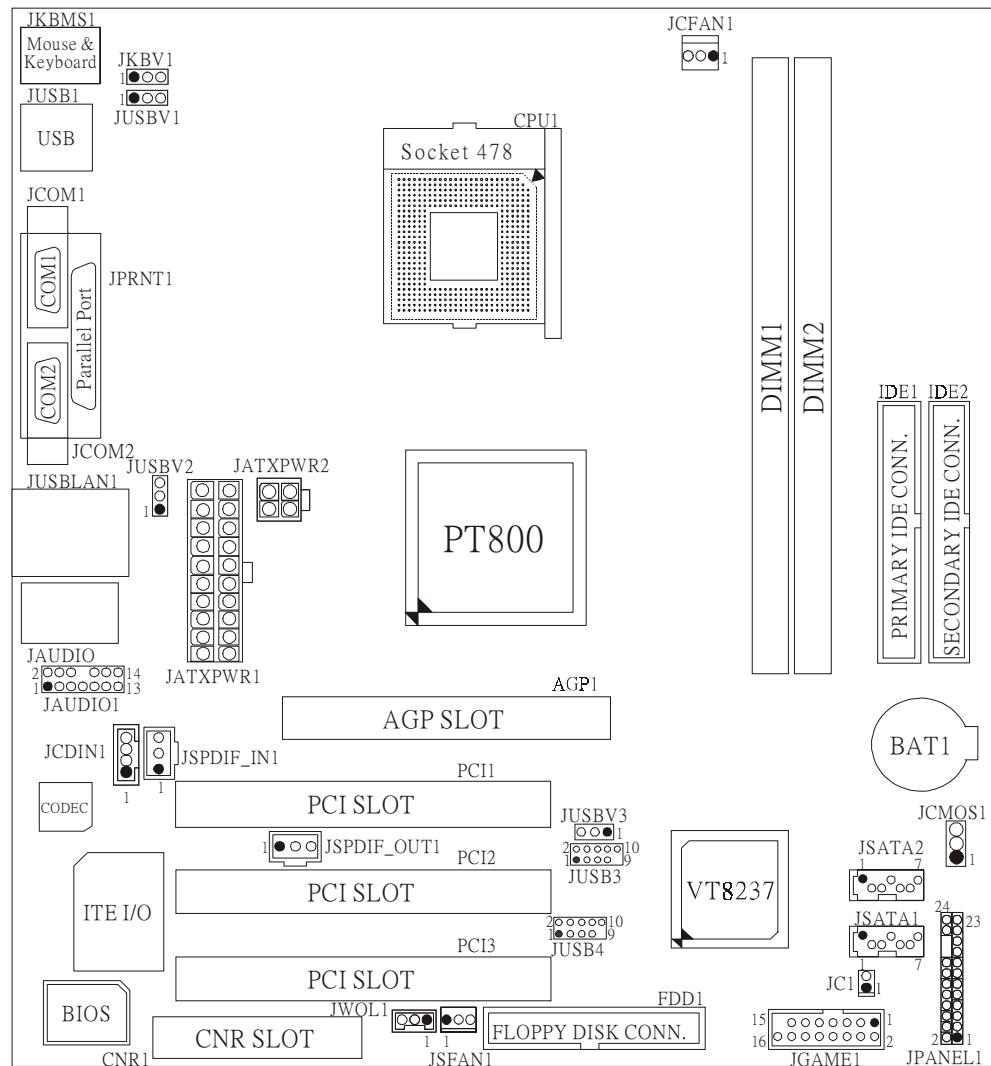
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## Layout of P4VTC (for versions below 1.2 only)



※ NOTE: ● represents the first pin.

## Layout of P4VTC (for versions above 1.3 only)



\* NOTE: ● represents the first pin.

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# English

## P4VTC Features

### A. Hardware

#### CPU

- Provides Socket 478.
- Supports Intel® Pentium® 4 processor.
- Supports Intel® Pentium® 478 Prescott CPU. (for versions above 1.3 only)
- Supports Hyper-Threading Technology.
- Front Side Bus at 400/ 533/ 800 MHz.

#### Chipset

- North Bridge: VIA PT800.
- South Bridge: VIA VT8237.

#### Main Memory

- Supports up to 2 DDR devices.
- Supports 200/266/333/400 MHz DDR devices.
- Maximum memory size of 2GB.

#### Super I/O

- Chip: ITE IT8705.
- Low Pin Count Interface.
- Provides the most commonly used legacy Super I/O functionality.
- Environment Control initiatives
  - H/W Monitor
  - Fan Speed Controller
  - ITE's "Smart Guardian" software utility.

#### Slots

- Three 32-bit PCI bus master slots.
- One AGP 4x/ 8x compatible slot.
- One CNR slot.

#### On Board IDE

- Supports four IDE disk drives.
- Supports PIO Mode 4 and Ultra DMA 33/66/100/133 Bus Master Mode.

#### Serial ATA

- Chip: integrated in VT8237
- Supports RAID 0, 1.
- Supports 2 Serial ATA (SATA) ports.
  - Compliant with SATA 1.0 specification.
  - Data transfer rates up to 1.5 Gb/s.

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#### **LAN**

- Chip: VIA VT6103.
- Supports 10 Mb/s and 100 Mb/s auto-negotiation
- Half/ Full duplex capability.

#### **On Board AC'97 Sound Codec (for versions below 1.2 only)**

- Chip: CMI9739A.
- Compliant with AC'97 specification.
- Supports 6 channels.

#### **On Board AC'97 Sound Codec (for version 1.3 and above only)**

- Chip: CMI9761A.
- Compliant with Intel® AC'97 Rev 2.3 specification.
- Meet with Microsoft® PC2001 requirements.
- Supports 6 channel.
- Supports stereo microphone.
- Supports advanced power management and power saving capabilities.
- Supports S/PDIF I/O functions:
  - Output: 96/ 48 kHz with 24/ 20/ 16 bits
  - Input: 48/ 44.1/ 32kHz with 20/ 16 bits
  - S/PDIF In is featured with interrupt, auto-lock, anti-noise, and anti-distortion functionalities support.

#### **On Board Peripherals**

##### ***a. Rearside***

- 2 serial ports.
- 1 parallel port. (SPP/EPP/ECP mode)
- Audio ports in vertical position.
- 1 LAN jack.
- PS/2 mouse and PS/2 keyboard.
- 4 USB2.0 ports.

##### ***b. Front Side***

- 1 floppy port supports 2 FDDs with 360K, 720K, 1.2M, 1.44M and 2.88Mbytes.
- 4 USB2.0 ports
- 1 front audio header.
- 2 Serial ATA connectors.

#### **Dimensions**

- ATX Form Factor: 24.5 X 22.5cm (W X L)

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## **B. BIOS & Software**

#### **BIOS**

- Award legal Bios.
- APM1.2.
- ACPI.
- USB Function.

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### Software

- Supports Warpspeeder™, 9th Touch™, FLASHER™, WinFlasher™ and StudioFun! (optional).
- Offers the highest performance for Windows 98 SE, Windows 2000, Windows Me, Windows XP, UNIX series etc.

### Package contents

- HDD Cable
- FDD Cable
- User's Manual
- USB Cable (optional)
- Rear I/O Panel for Micro ATX Case (optional)
- Fully Setup Driver CD
- StudioFun! Application CD (optional)
- S/PDIF In/ Out Cable (optional)
- Serial ATA Cable

### How to setup Jumper

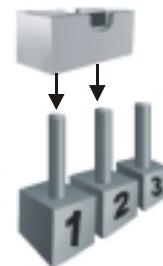
The illustration shows how jumpers are setup. When the Jumper cap is placed on pins, the jumper is "**close**". If no jumper cap is placed on the pins, the jumper is "**open**". The illustration shows a 3-pin jumper whose pin 1 and 2 are "**close**" when jumper cap is placed on these 2 pins.



Jumper close



Jumper open



Pin 1-2 close

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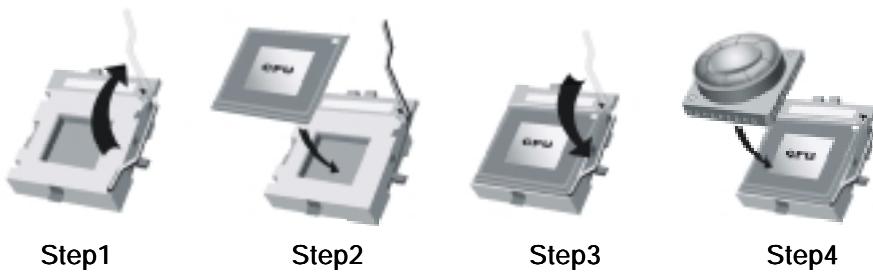
## CPU Installation

**Step1:** Pull the lever sideways away from the socket and then raise the lever up to a 90-degree angle.

**Step2:** Look for the white dot/cut edge. The white dot/cut edge should point towards the lever pivot. The CPU will fit only in the correct orientation.

**Step3:** Hold the CPU down firmly, and then close the lever.

**Step4:** Put the CPU fan on the CPU and buckle it. Connect the CPU fan power cable to the JCFAN1. This completes the installation.



**CPU Fan Header: JCFAN1**

JCFAN1	Pin No.	Assignment
	1	Ground
	2	+12V
	3	FAN rpm rate Sense

**System Fan Header: JSFAN1**

JSFAN1	Pin No.	Assignment
	1	Ground
	2	+12V
	3	FAN rpm rate Sense

---

## **DDR DIMM Modules: DIMM1/ DIMM2**

DRAM Access Time: 2.5V Unbuffered DDR 200/266/333/400 MHz Type required.

DRAM Type: 64MB/ 128MB/ 256MB/ 512MB/ 1GB DIMM Module (184 pin)

### **Total Memory Size with Unbuffered DIMMs**

DIMM Socket Location	DDR Module	Total Memory Size (MB)
DIMMB1	64MB/ 128MB/ 256MB/ 512MB/ 1GB *1	Max is 2 GB
DIMMB2	64MB/ 128MB/ 256MB/ 512MB/ 1GB *1	

\*\*\*Only for reference\*\*\*

### **Installing DDR Module**

1. Unlock a DIMM slot by pressing the retaining clips outward. Align the DIMM to the slot in the way the notch of the DIMM matches the break of the slot.
2. Insert the DIMM firmly and vertically into the slot until the retaining chip snap back in place and the DIMM is properly seated.



## **Jumpers, Headers, Connectors & Slots**

### **Floppy Disk Connector: FDD1**

The motherboard provides a standard floppy disk connector that supports 360K, 720K, 1.2M, 1.44M and 2.88M floppy disk types. This connector supports the provided floppy drive ribbon cables.

### **Hard Disk Connectors: IDE1/ IDE2**

The motherboard has a 32-bit Enhanced PCI IDE Controller that provides PIO Mode 0~4, Bus Master, and Ultra DMA 33/ 66/ 100/ 133 functionality. It has two HDD connectors IDE1 (primary) and IDE2 (secondary).

The IDE connectors can connect a master and a slave drive, so you can connect up to four hard disk drives. The first hard drive should always be connected to IDE1.

### **Peripheral Component Interconnect Slots: PCI 1-3**

This motherboard is equipped with 3 standard PCI slots. PCI stands for Peripheral

Component Interconnect, and it is a bus standard for expansion cards. This PCI slot is designated as 32 bits.

### **Accelerated Graphics Port Slot: AGP1**

Your monitor will attach directly to that video card. This motherboard supports video cards for PCI slots, but it is also equipped with an Accelerated Graphics Port (AGP). An AGP card will take advantage of AGP technology for improved video efficiency and performance, especially with 3D graphics.

### **Communication Network Riser Slot: CNR1**

The CNR specification is an open Industry Standard Architecture, and it defines a hardware scalable riser card interface, which supports modem only.

### **Serial ATA Connector: JSATA1/ JSATA2**

The motherboard has a PCI to SATA Controller with 2 channels SATA interface, it satisfies the SATA 1.0 spec and with transfer rate at 1.5Gb/s.

1 4 7	Pin	Assignment	Pin	Assignment
	1	Ground	2	TX+
	3	TX-	4	Ground
JSATA1/ JSATA2	5	RX-	6	RX+
	7	Ground		

### **Front USB Header: JUSB3/ JUSB4**

2 10 1 9	Pin	Assignment	Pin	Assignment
	1	+5V(fused)	2	+5V(fused)
JUSB3/4	3	USBP4-	4	USBP5-
	5	USBP4+	6	USBP5+
	7	Ground	8	Ground
	9	KEY	10	NA

### **Wake On LAN Header: JWOL1**

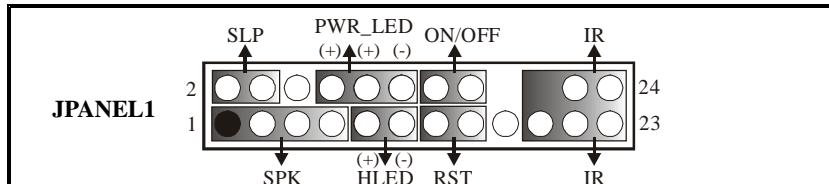
3 1 JWOL1	Pin	Assignment
	1	+5V Standby
	2	Ground
	3	Wake up

### **Case Open Connector: JC1**

1	Pin	Assignment
	1	Case Open Signal

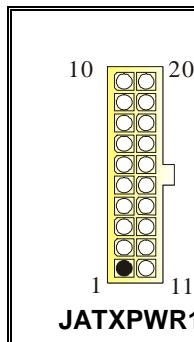
JC1	2	Ground
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### Front Panel Connector: JPANEL1



Pin	Assignment	Function	Pin	Assignment	Function
1	+5V		2	Sleep Control	Sleep
3	NA		4	Ground	Button
5	NA		6	NA	NA
7	Speaker		8	Power LED (+)	POWER LED
9	HDD LED (+)	Hard Drive	10	Power LED (+)	
11	HDD LED (-)	LED	12	Power LED (-)	
13	Ground		14	Power Button	Power-on
15	Reset Control	Reset	16	Ground	Button
17	NA		18	KEY	
19	NA		20	KEY	
21	+5V		22	Ground	
23	IRTX	IrDA	24	IRRX	Connector
		Connector			

### Power Connectors: JATXPWR1/ JATXPWR2



PIN	Assignment	PIN	Assignment
1	+3.3V	11	+3.3V
2	+3.3V	12	-12V
3	Ground	13	Ground
4	+5V	14	PS_ON
5	Ground	15	Ground
6	+5V	16	Ground
7	Ground	17	Ground
8	PW_OK	18	-5V

	9	Standby Voltage +5V	19	+5V
	10	+12V	20	+5V

4 3 2 1 <b>JATXPWR2</b>	<b>PIN</b>	<b>Assignment</b>	<b>PIN</b>	<b>Assignment</b>
	1	+12V	3	Ground
	2	+12V	4	Ground

### Power Source Selection for Keyboard and Mouse: JKBV1

<b>JKBV1</b>	<b>Assignment</b>	<b>Description</b>
1 [● ○ ○] 3 Pin 1-2 close	+5V	+5V for keyboard and mouse
1 [● ○ ○] 3 Pin 2-3 close	+5V Standby Voltage	PS/2 Mouse and PS/2 Keyboard are powered with +5V standby voltage

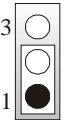
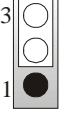
*Note: In order to support this function “Power-on the system via keyboard and mouse,” “JKBV1” jumper cap should be placed on pin 2-3.*

### Power Source Selection for USB: JUSBV1/ JUSBV2/ JUSBV3

<b>JUSBV1/JUSBV2/ JUSBV3</b>	<b>Assignment</b>	<b>Description</b>
1 [● ○ ○] 3 Pin 1-2 close	+5V	JUSBV1: 5V for USB located at the JUSB1 connector port JUSBV2: 5V for USB located at the JUSBLAN1 port JUSBV3: 5V for USB located at the JUSB3/4 ports
1 [● ○ ○] 3 Pin 2-3 close	+5V Standby Voltage	JUSBV1: JUSB1 port powered with standby voltage of 5V JUSBV2: JUSBLAN1 port powered with standby voltage of 5V JUSBV3: JUSB3/4 ports powered with standby voltage of 5V

*Note: In order to support this function "Power-on the system via USB device", "JUSBV1/JUSBV2/JUSBV3" jumper cap should be placed on pin 2-3 respectively.*

### Clear CMOS Jumper: JCMOS1

JCMOS1	Assignment
 Pin 1-2 Close	Normal Operation (default)
 Pin 2-3 Close	Clear CMOS Data



The following procedures are for resetting the BIOS password. It is important to follow these instructions closely.

#### ※ Clear CMOS Procedures:

1. Remove AC power line.
2. Set the jumper to "Pin 2-3 close".
3. Wait for five seconds.
4. Set the jumper to "Pin 1-2 close".
5. Power on AC.
6. Reset your desired password or clear the CMOS data.

### CD-ROM Audio-In Header: JCDIN1/ (JCDIN2=>for versions below 1.2)

JCDIN1/ 2	Pin	Assignment
	1	Left Channel Input
	2	Ground
	3	Ground
	4	Right Channel Input

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### Front Panel Audio Header: JAUDIO1

		2	○○○	○○○	14
		1	●○○○○	○○○	13
JAUDIO1					
Pin	Assignment	Pin	Assignment		Assignment
1	Mic In/ Center	2	Ground		
3	Mic Power/ Bass	4	Audio Power		
5	Right Line Out/ Right Speaker Out	6	Right Line Out/ Right Speaker Out		
7	Reserved	8	Key		
9	Left Line Out/ Left Speaker Out	10	Left Line Out/ Left Speaker Out		
11	Right Line In/ Right Rear Speaker	12	Right Line In/ Right Rear Speaker		
13	Left Line In/ Left Rear Speaker	14	Left Line In/ Left Rear Speaker		

### Digital Audio Connector: JSPDIF\_OUT1

		1	●	○○	3
		JSPDIF_OUT1			
		Pin	Assignment		Assignment
		1	+5V		
		2	SPDIF_OUT		
		3	Ground		

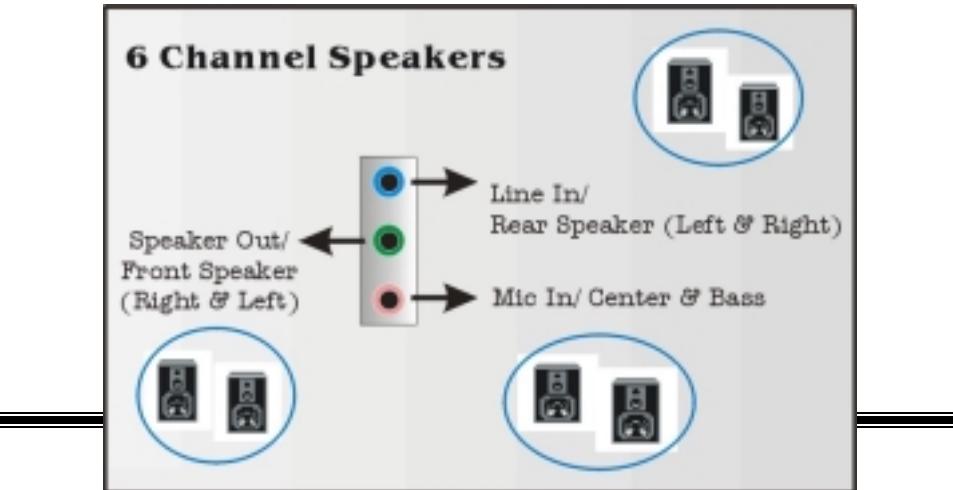
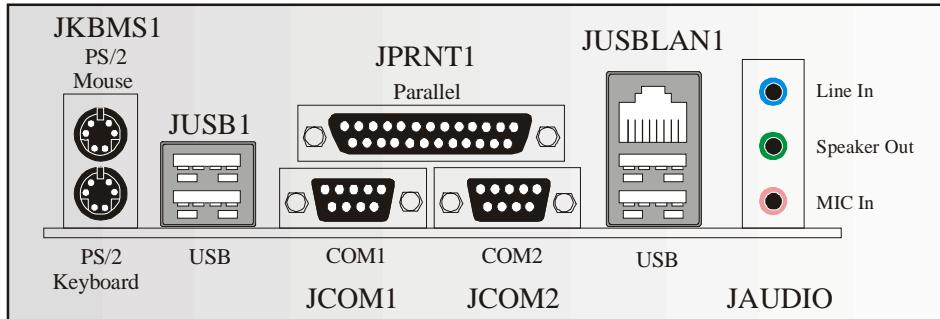
### Digital Audio Connector: JSPDIF\_IN1 (for versions above 1.3 only)

		1	●	○○	3
		JSPDIF_IN1			
		Pin	Assignment		Assignment
		1	+5V		
		2	SPDIF_IN		
		3	Ground		

## Game Port Header: JGAME1

JGAME1			
Pin	Assignment	Pin	Assignment
1	+5V	2	+5V
3	Joystick B Button 1	4	Joystick A Button 1
5	Joystick B Coordinate X	6	Joystick A Coordinate X
7	MIDI Output	8	Ground
9	Joystick B Coordinate Y	10	Ground
11	Joystick B Button 2	12	Joystick A Coordinate Y
13	MIDI Input	14	Joystick A Button 2
15	NA	16	+5V

## Back Panel Connectors



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# Français

## Caractéristique de P4VTC

### A. Matériel

#### Processeur

- Socket 478.
- Supporte processeur Intel® Pentium® 4.
- Supporte processeur Intel® Pentium® 478 Prescott. (seulement pour version au-dessus de 1.3)
- Supporte la technologie Hyper-Threading.
- FSB 400/ 533/ 800 MHz.

#### Jeu des Puces

- North Bridge: VIA PT800.
- South Bridge: VIA VT8237.

#### Mémoire principale

- Prise en charge de deux périphériques 2 DDR.
- Prise en charge des périphériques DDR 200/266/333/400 MHz.
- Taille maximale de la mémoire :2Go.

#### Super E/S

- Puce: ITE IT8705.
- Interface de Comptage de Broche Faible.
- Offre la fonctionnalité Super E/S héritée la plus couramment utilisée.
- Initiatives de Contrôle d'Environnement,
  - Moniteur H/W
  - Fonction "Smart Guardian" de ITE

#### Slots

- Trois slots de maîtrise de bus PCI 32 bits.
- Un slot CNR.
- Un slot compatible AGP 4X/ 8X.

#### IDE intégré

- Supporte quatre lecteurs de disque IDE.
- Supporte PIO Mode 4 et Ultra DMA 33/66/100/ 133 Bus Master Mode.

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### **Serial ATA**

- Puce: intégré dans VT8237.
- Supporte RAID 0, 1.
- Supporte 2 ports Serial ATA (SATA).
  - Conforme avec des spécifications de SATA 1.0.
  - Vitesse de transfert jusqu'à 1.5 Gb/s.

### **LAN**

- Puce: VIA VT6103.
- Supporte le fonctionnement en auto-négociation 10 Mb/s et 100 Mb/s.
- Capacité Half/ Full duplex.

### **Codec Son AC'97 intégré (seulement pour version au-dessous de 1.2)**

- Puce: CMI9739A.
- Conforme aux spécifications AC'97.
- Supporte 6 canaux.

### **Codec Son AC'97 intégré (seulement pour version au-dessus de 1.3)**

- Puce: CMI9761A.
- Conforme aux spécifications Intel® AC'97 Rev 2.3.
- Répond aux exigences de Microsoft® PC2001.
- Supporte 6 canaux.
- Supporte le microphone stéréo.
- Gestion d'alimentation avancée et capacités d'économie d'énergie.

### **Pérophériques intégré**

#### *a. Côté arrière*

- 2 ports série.
- 1 port parallèle. (mode SPP/EPP/ECP)
- 1 port audio en position verticale.
- 1 port LAN.
- 1 souris PS/2.
- 1 clavier PS/2.
- 4 ports USB2.0.

#### *b. Côté frontal*

- 1 port disquette prenant en charge 2 FDD avec 360K, 720K, 1.2M, 1.44M et 2.88 Mo.
- 4 ports USB2.0.
- 1 connecteur front audio.
- 2 connecteurs Serial ATA.

### **Dimensions**

- Facteur de Forme ATX: 24.5 X 22.5cm (Larg X L)

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## **B. BIOS & Software**

### **BIOS**

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- Award legal Bios.
- APM1.2.
- ACPI.
- Fonction USB.

#### **Logiciel**

- Supporte Warpspeeder™, 9th Touch™, FLASHER™, WinFlasher™.
- Offrant la meilleure performance pour Windows 98 SE, Windows 2000, Windows Me, Windows XP, UNIX series, etc.



## **WarpSpeeder**

### **Introduction**

[ WarpSpeeder™ ], a new powerful control utility, features three user-friendly functions including Overclock Manager, Overvoltage Manager, and Hardware Monitor.

With the Overclock Manager, users can easily adjust the frequency they prefer or they can get the best CPU performance with just one click. The Overvoltage Manager, on the other hand, helps to power up CPU core voltage and Memory voltage. The cool Hardware Monitor smartly indicates the temperatures, voltage and CPU fan speed as well as the chipset information. Also, in the About panel, you can get detail descriptions about BIOS model and chipsets. In addition, the frequency status of CPU, memory, AGP and PCI along with the CPU speed are synchronically shown on our main panel.

Moreover, to protect users' computer systems if the setting is not appropriate when testing and results in system fail or hang, [ WarpSpeeder™ ] technology assures the system stability by automatically rebooting the computer and then restart to a speed that is either the original system speed or a suitable one.

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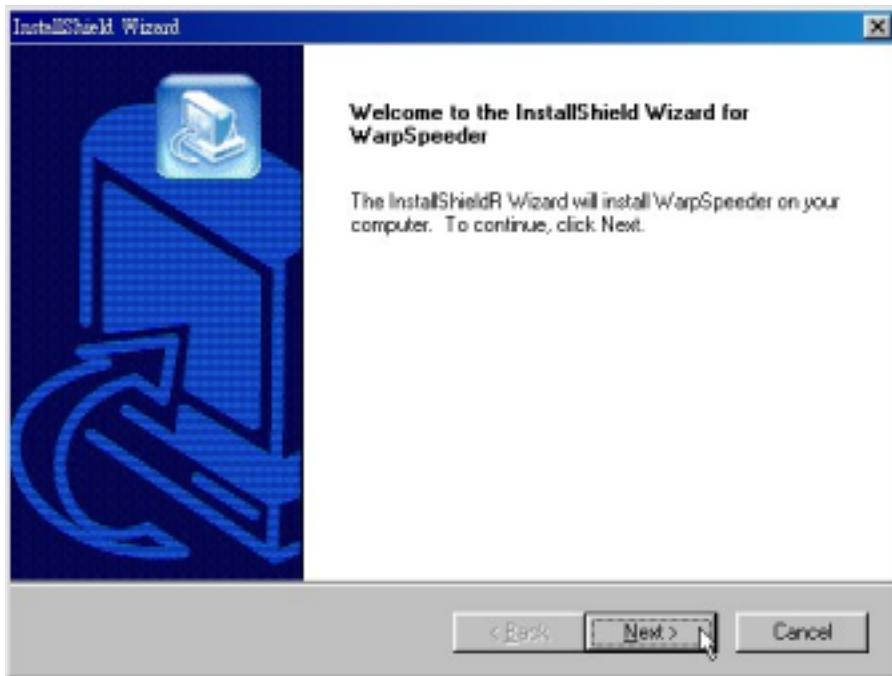
## System Requirement

OS Support: Windows 98 SE, Windows Me, Windows 2000, Windows XP

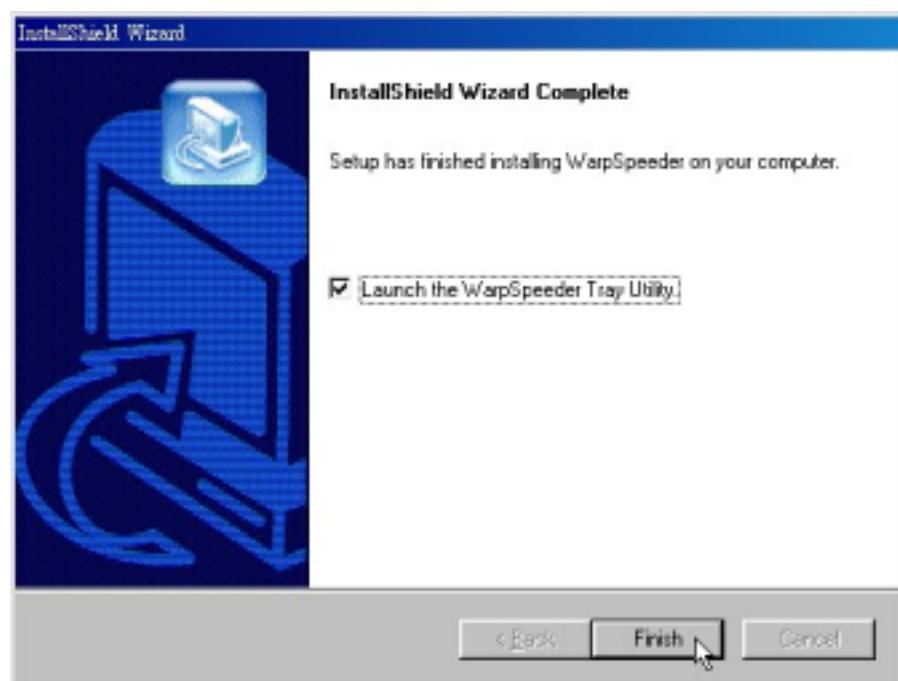
DIRECTX: DirectX 8.1 or above. (The Windows XP operating system includes DirectX 8.1. If you use Windows XP, you do not need to install DirectX 8.1.)

## Installation

1. Execute the setup execution file, and then the following dialog will pop up. Please click "Next" button and follow the default procedure to install.



2. When you see the following dialog in setup procedure, it means setup is completed. If the "Launch the WarpSpeeder Tray Utility" checkbox is checked, the Tray Icon utility and [WarpSpeeder™] utility will be automatically and immediately launched after you click "Finish" button.



## Usage

*The following figures are just only for reference, the screen printed in this user manual will change according to your motherboard on hand.*

[WarpSpeeder™] includes 1 tray icon and 5 panels:

1. Tray Icon:

Whenever the Tray Icon utility is launched, it will display a little tray icon on the right side of Windows Taskbar.



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This utility is responsible for conveniently invoking [WarpSpeeder™] Utility. You can use the mouse by clicking the left button in order to invoke [WarpSpeeder™] directly from the little tray icon or you can right-click the little tray icon to pop up a popup menu as following figure. The “Launch Utility” item in the popup menu has the same function as mouse left-click on tray icon and “Exit” item will close Tray Icon utility if selected.



## 2. Main Panel

If you click the tray icon, [ WarpSpeeder™ ] utility will be invoked. Please refer do the following figure; the utility's first window you will see is Main Panel.

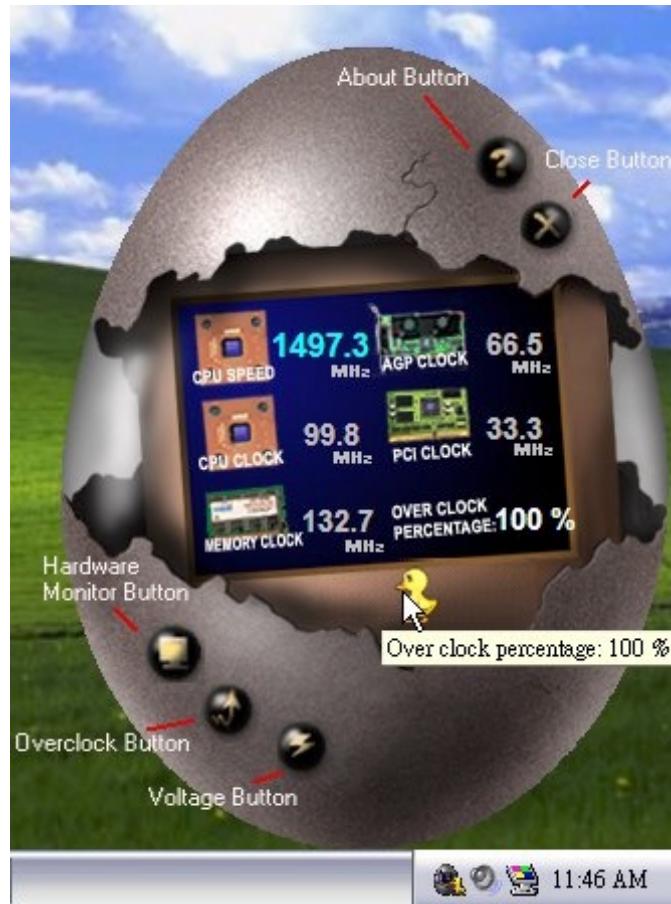
Main Panel contains features as follows:

- a. Display the CPU Speed, CPU external clock, Memory clock, AGP clock, and PCI clock information.
- b. Contains About, Voltage, Overclock, and Hardware Monitor Buttons for invoking respective panels.
- c. With a user-friendly Status Animation, it can represent 3 overclock percentage stages:

Duck walking => overclock percentage from 100% ~ 110 %

Duck running => overclock percentage from 110% ~ 120%

Duck burning => overclock percentage from 120% ~ above



### 3. Voltage Panel

Click the Voltage button in Main Panel, the button will be highlighted and the Voltage Panel will slide out to up as the following figure.

In this panel, you can decide to increase CPU core voltage and Memory voltage or not. The default setting is "No". If you want to get the best performance of overclocking, we recommend you click the option "Yes".



#### 4. Overclock Panel

Click the Overclock button in Main Panel, the button will be highlighted and the Overclock Panel will slide out to left as the following figure.

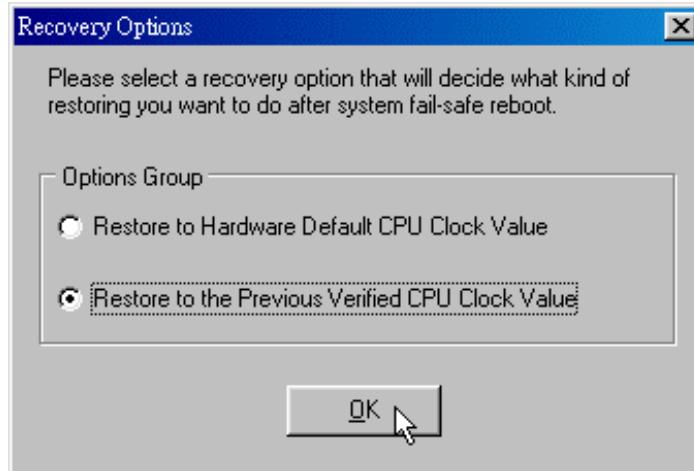


Overclock Panel contains these features:

- a. “-3MHz button”, “-1MHz button”, “+1MHz button”, and “+3MHz button”: provide user the ability to do real-time overclock adjustment.

**Warning:** Manually overclock is potentially dangerous, especially when the overclocking percentage is over 110 %. We strongly recommend you verify every speed you overclock by click the Verify button. Or, you can just click Auto overclock button and let [ WarpSpeeder™ ] automatically gets the best result for you.

- b. “Recovery Dialog button”: Pop up the following dialog. Let user select a restoring way if system need to do a fail-safe reboot.



- c. "Auto-overclock button": User can click this button and [ WarpSpeeder™ ] will set the best and stable performance and frequency automatically. [ WarpSpeeder™ ] utility will execute a series of testing until system fail. Then system will do fail-safe reboot by using Watchdog function. After reboot, the [ WarpSpeeder™ ] utility will restore to the hardware default setting or load the verified best and stable frequency according to the Recovery Dialog's setting.
- d. "Verify button": User can click this button and [ WarpSpeeder™ ] will proceed a testing for current frequency. If the testing is ok, then the current frequency will be saved into system registry. If the testing fail, system will do a fail-safe rebooting. After reboot, the [ WarpSpeeder™ ] utility will restore to the hardware default setting or load the verified best and stable frequency according to the Recovery Dialog's setting.

*Note: Because the testing programs, invoked in Auto-overclock and Verify, include DirectDraw, Direct3D and DirectShow tests, the DirectX 8.1 or newer runtime library is required. And please make sure your display card's color depth is High color (16 bit) or True color( 24/32 bit ) that is required for Direct3D rendering.*

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## 5. Hardware Monitor Panel

Click the Hardware Monitor button in Main Panel, the button will be highlighted and the Hardware Monitor panel will slide out to left as the following figure.

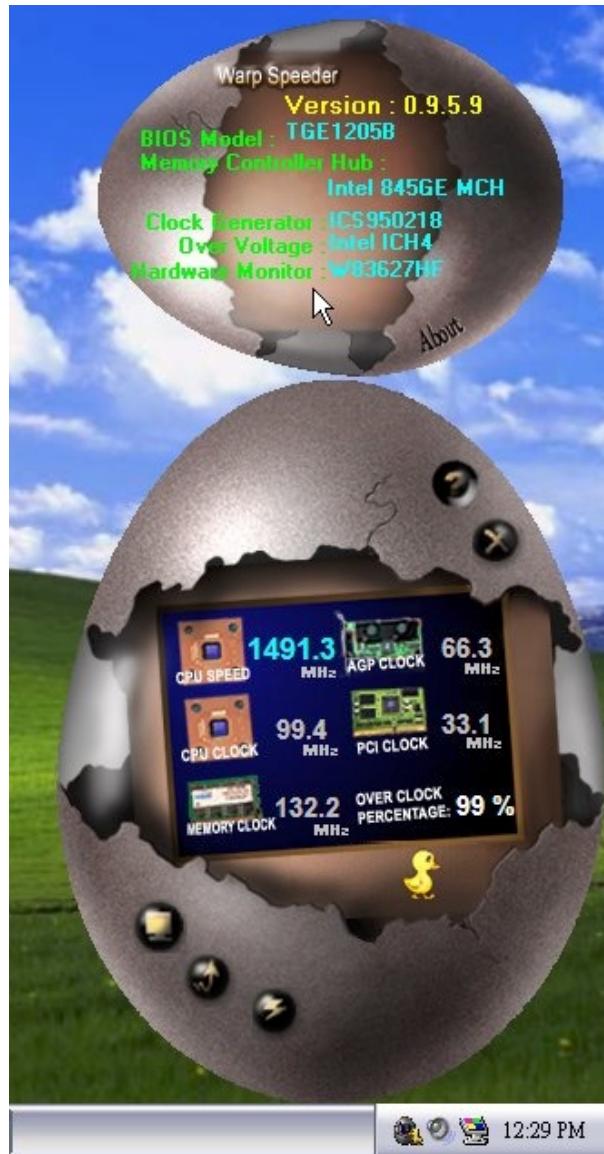
In this panel, you can get the real-time status information of your system. The information will be refreshed every 1 second.



## 6. About Panel

Click the About button in Main Panel, the button will be highlighted and the About Panel will slide out to up as the following figure.

In this panel, you can get model name and detail information in hints of all the chipset that are related to overclocking. You can also get the mainboard's BIOS model and the Version number of [ WarpSpeeder™ ] utility.



*Note: Because the overclock, overvoltage, and hardware monitor features are controlled by several separate chipset, [ WarpSpeeder™ ] divide these features to separate panels. If one chipset is not on board, the correlative button in Main panel will be disabled, but will not interfere other panels' functions. This property can make [ WarpSpeeder™ ] utility more robust.*

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## Trouble Shooting

PROBABLE	SOLUTION
No power to the system at all Power light don't illuminate, fan inside power supply does not turn on. Indicator light on keyboard does not turn on	* Make sure power cable is securely plugged in * Replace cable * Contact technical support
System inoperative. Keyboard lights are on, power indicator lights are lit, hard drive is spinning.	* Using even pressure on both ends of the DIMM, press down firmly until the module snaps into place.
System does not boot from hard disk drive, can be booted from CD-ROM drive.	* Check cable running from disk to disk controller board. Make sure both ends are securely plugged in; check the drive type in the standard CMOS setup. * Backing up the hard drive is extremely important. All hard disks are capable of breaking down at any time.
System only boots from CD-ROM. Hard disk can be read and applications can be used but booting from hard disk is impossible.	* Back up data and applications files. Reformat the hard drive. Re-install applications and data using backup disks.
Screen message says "Invalid Configuration" or "CMOS Failure."	* Review system's equipment . Make sure correct information is in setup.
Cannot boot system after installing second hard drive.	* Set master/slave jumpers correctly. * Run SETUP program and select correct drive types. Call drive manufacturers for compatibility with other drives.

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## Dépannage

PROBLÈME	SOLUTION
Pas d'alimentation au système. Les voyants lumineux ne s'allument pas, le ventilateur à l'intérieur du bloc d'alimentation ne se met pas en marche. Le voyant du clavier ne s'allume pas	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>* Assurez-vous que le câble d'alimentation est bien branché</li><li>* Remplacez le câble</li><li>* Contactez le service d'assistance technique.</li></ul>
Le système ne fonctionne pas. Les voyants du clavier sont allumés, les voyants de l'alimentation aussi, le disque dur tourne.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>* En exerçant une pression uniforme sur les deux extrémités du DIMM, poussez le module vers le bas jusqu'à ce qu'il s'enclenche.</li></ul>
Le système ne se réinitialise pas du disque dur, réinitialisation possible depuis le lecteur CD-ROM.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>* Vérifiez le câble du disque à la carte du contrôleur de disque. Assurez-vous que les deux extrémités sont bien branchées ; vérifiez le type de lecteur dans la configuration standard de CMOS.</li><li>* Il est très important d'effectuer des sauvegardes du disque dur. Les disques durs peuvent tomber en panne à n'importe quel moment.</li></ul>
Le système ne se réinitialise que depuis le CD-ROM. Le disque dur peut être lu et les applications sont utilisables mais il est impossible d'effectuer de réinitialisation depuis le disque dur.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>* Effectuez une sauvegarde des fichiers des données et d'application. Reformatez le disque dur. Ré-installez les applications et les données sauvegardées sur les disques de secours.</li></ul>
Un message s'affiche indiquant que la configuration n'est pas valide ou qu'il y a une panne du CMOS.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>* Vérifiez l'équipement du système. Assurez-vous que les informations de la configuration sont correctes.</li></ul>
Impossible de réinitialiser le système après l'installation d'un deuxième disque dur.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>* Réglez les cavaliers maître/esclave correctement.</li><li>* Exécutez le programme SETUP et sélectionnez les types de lecteur. Contactez les fabricants pour toute question de compatibilité avec les autres disques.</li></ul>

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1/02/2004